PATENT SPECIFICATION

1,161,615



NO DRAWINGS

L161,615

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International Classification: -C 22 e 9/06

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Improvements in Copper-Nickel Alloys

We, LANGLEY ALLOYS LIMITED, a Body following statement:-Corporate duly organised under the Laws of Great Britain of Station Road, Langley, Slough, in the County of Buckingham, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the

This invention relates to Copper-Nickel al- 10 loys and is an improvement in or modification of that forming the subject of Specification No. 999,438.

In the aforementioned Application, Copper-Nickel alloys are described having the compo- 15 sition: -

Nickel

More than 15% and up to 32%

Aluminium

More than 0.5% but less than 5% and less than one-sixth

of the Nickel content

Manganese

More than 3% but less than 10% and less than half the

Nickel content

Iron

0.2% to 3%

with optionally

0.2% to 3% Niobium and/or Silicon

Balance

substantially all Copper

It has now been found that a considerable modification provides a low magnetic permeaenhancement in the response to precipitation hardening can be achieved by replacing part ing composition by weight:of the Nickel with additional Iron. Thus, this

bility Copper-Nickel alloy having the follow-

[.]

Nickel	6.5% — 25.0%
Aluminium	1.0% - 4.99%
Manganese	3.0% — 8.5%
Iron	5.0% - 12.0%
Chromium	Up to 3%
with optionally	0.2% - 3% Niobium and/or Silicon
Balance	Copper

and wherein the Nickel content is less than stantially non-magnetic. four times the Iron content and with the sum of the Nickel and Iron contents being at least four times the Aluminium content.

The addition of up to 3% Chromium will confer a refining action in the grain of the

alloy when it is cast.

The beneficial effect of increased Iron content is so marked that the high ratio of Nickel to Aluminium is no longer essential, although the sum of the Nickel and Iron contents must be more than four times the Aluminium content, which is at least 1% and less than 5% while the Manganese content is 3% to 8.5%, the balance being Copper except for unavoidable impurities. Notwithstanding the increased Iron content, the alloys remain sub-

Examples of the alloy compositions covered by this modification are shown in the following Tables 1, 2, 2A and 3, from which it will be noted that the Examples demonstrate a remarkably good combination of proof stress, strength and Izod Impact Value, but the most significant feature is the considerable increase in proof stress which can be achieved after casting or hot working, by precipitation hardening at a temperature in the range 350°-650°C. as shown in Table 1.

In the hot worked condition the modified alloys show improvements in properties at elevated temperatures, those for Alloy 5 of Table

1 being as follows: -

Example No.	Condition	Test Tempera- ture °C.	O.1% Proof Tensile Stress Strength Tons/ Sq.in. Sq.in.	Elong. %	Redn. in Area %
5	Hot rolled plus 4 hrs. @ 550°C.	20	41.2 54.4	18.0	42.5
		300	47. 6	17.5	35.0
		400	— 47.25	14.0	17.5
		450	— 46.2	11.0	17.5

These alloys of higher Iron content also possess advantages when produced as sand castings as evidenced by Table 2.

The Examples 15 to 18 in Table 2A which included Chromium exhibited a perceptible refinement in their grain.

However, as shown by a comparison of Example 19 with Examples 20 to 23 in Table 3, the addition of Chromium improves the ductility of the cast alloys at elevated temperatures. The addition of Chromium also confers improved weldability on the alloys.

	Tzod			119		I		59			26	115	78	115	87	101	71	113	50	53	. 62
		Redn. in Area %	76.0 57.5	72.0	52.0	70.0		0.99			50.0	72.0	55.0	75.0	55.0	72.0	42.5	70.0	35.0	60.09	55.0
		ם	32.0 21.0	42.0	22.0	42.0		16.0			12.0	30.0	20.0	34.0	21.0	30.0	18.0	30.0	18.0	21.0	28.0
	Tensile		41.6 54.4	39.6	55.0	30.4		47.6			61.2	42.4	56.0	40.8	55.4	39.2	54.4	42.4	53.6	54.8	57.0
	0.1% Proof Stress	Tons/	28.8	26.4	40.0	and 12.0	and	42.4		hed 🤃	53.6		41.6	26.4	40.8	26.4	. 41.2	29.6	. 40.8	42.0	
TABLE 1-WROUGHT ALLOYS	Condition		Hot rolled Hot rolled +4 hrs.	Hot rolled	Hot rolled +4 nrs. (a) 550°C. Rolled Bar Heat		_	cold rolled 47%	treated@ 900°C.	and Water quenched	then heat treated	Hot rolled	Hot rolled $+4$ hrs. (a) 550 °C.	Hot rolled	Hot rolled $+4$ hrs. (a) 550°C.	Hot rolled	(a) 550°C.	Hot rolled	Hot rolled $+4$ hrs. (a) 550 °C.	ľ –	, , _
BLE 1-WRG		Addit. Element																		Niobium 0.27	Niobium 0.34
TA		Iron	41	6.2			i					8.8		7.7		6.36		6.15		6.72	6.25
	is	Aluminium Manganese	5.15	3.8						١.		4.70		4.25		4.10		4.85		3.7	5.0
	% Analysis	Aluminiu	1.71	1.65				•				1.59		1.60		1.66		2.61		1.35	1.78
		Nickel	17.2	15.0								18.0		17.5		12.0		11.2		16.3	16.7
		Copper	Balance	Balance								Balance		Balance		Balance		Balance		Balance	Balance
		Example No.	1	2								3		4		5		9		7	80

30

1

18.0

41.2

As cast
As cast+precipitation
hardening for 4 hrs.
@, 550°C.

5.70

4.70

2.03

15.8

Balance

14

34.4 40.3

37

20.0 32.0

	Izod	ft.lbs.	44	38	30			43		
,	Redn.	Area	37.5	22.5	30.0	40.0	25.0		20.0	
	Ĭ	Flong.	30.0	19.0	26.0	37.0	20.0	15.5	20.0	l
	Tensile Strength	Tons/ in.	32.0	36.0	35.5	30.8	38.5	39.5	40.3	
	0.1% Proof Stress	- 1	17.0	22.4	18.5	15.4 tion	hrs. 22.4	ation hrs. 22.5	ation hrs. 23.0	
AST ALLOYS		Condition	As cast As cast plus	precipitation hardening for 4 hrs. @ 550°C.	As cast+4 hrs. @ 550°C.	As cast As cast+precipita	Hardening for 4 hrs. (a) 550°C.	As cast+precipitation hardening for 4 hrs. @ 550°C.	As cast+precipitation hardening for 4 hrs. (a) 550°C.	
Table 2—Sand Cast Alloys		Additional Elements	7		Niobium 0.37	-				
TABLE		Iron	6.35		9.9	6.72		6.62	7.02	
		Manganese	4.85		4.70	4.02		4.25	4.10	
	% Analysis	Nickel Aluminium Manganese	1.76		1.27	1.88		1.94	1.65	
		Nickel 4	14.9		13.1	12.0		11.6	11.4	
		Copper	Balance		Balance	Balance		Balance	Balance	
		Example	6		10	=		12	13	

TABLE 2A
SAND CAST ALLOYS CONTAINING CHROMIUM

		Chemical	Chemical Composition						Tensile		
Example No.	Copper %	Nickel %	Nickel Aluminium %	Manganese %	Iron %	% Additional Elements	Condition	Stress Tons/ Sq.in.	Strength Tons/ Sq.in.	Elong.	Izod Value ft.lbs.
15	Balance	12.1	2.37	8.65	5.89	Chromium 5.89 0.44	As cast	17.8	36.0	36.0	35
16		12.1	2.37	8.65	5.89	0.44	As cast+precipitation hardening for 4 hrs. @ 550°C. Air cooled	21.8	40.2	23.0	29.0
17		12.1	2.56	8.05	5.8	0.72	As cast+precipitation hardening for 4 hrs. @ 550°C. Air cooled	22.0	39.2	22.0	27.0
18	*	14.5	2.45	8.35	7.81	0.86	As cast+precipitation hardening for 4 hrs. @ 550°C. Air cooled	19.0	38.0	29.0	32

TABLE 3

CAST ALLOYS AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES WITH AND WITHOUT CHROMIUM

.£	0	.			ا		
η υν υν υν	Area %	6.0		12.0	15.0	12.0	
	%ora	4.0	21.5	9.0	10.0	10.0	
Tensile Strength	Yons/ Sq.in.	29.4	36.3	29.0	23.4	29.9	
O.1% Proof Stress	Tons/ Sq.in.	1	19.1	1	1	ı	
	Test Temp.	350°C.	Room	350°C.	350°C.	350°C.	
Condition (All 1" dia. Sand Cast Bar)	A.C.=Air Cooled)	Heat treatment 4 hrs. @ 550°C. A.C.	Heat treatment 4 hrs. @ 550°C. A.C.	Heat treatment 4 hrs. @ 550°C.	As cast condition	Heat treatment 4 hrs. @ 550°C. A.C.	
	Chromiun %	Z	1.17	1.17	1.17	2.22	
	Aluminium %	1.81	1.69	1.69	1.69	1.56	
	Iron %	6.25	6.72	6.72	6.72	6.72	
	Manganese %	5.3	5:10	5.10	5 10	5.0	
	Nickel %	12.6	11.8	11.8	8 11	11.4	
	Copper %	Balance	,	66		8 8	
	Example No.	19	20	21		53	
		::	Ŷ "A.				

WHAT WE CLAIM IS:-

1. A low magnetic permeability Copper- by weight:

Nickel alloy having the following composition by weight:—

Nickel	6.5% — 25.0%
Aluminium	1.0% — 4.99%
Manganese	3.0% — 8.5%
Iron	5.0% — 12.0%
Chromium	Up to 3%
with optionally	0.2% — 3% Niobium and/or Silicon
Balance	Copper

and wherein the Nickel content is less than four times the Iron content and with the sum of the Nickel and Iron contents being at least four times the Aluminium content.

2. A copper-Nickel alloy according to Claim 1 when, in the cast condition, it has been subjected to precipitation hardening in the temperature range 350°C. to 650°C.

3. A Copper-Nickel alloy according to

3. A Copper-Nickel alloy according to 15 Claim 1 and which following hot working has been subjected to precipitation hardening in the temperature range 350°C. to 650°C.

4. A Copper-Nickel alloy according to Claim 1 produced and subjected to precipitation hardening substantially as hereinbefore 20

described in any of the Examples given in Tables 1, 2, 2A or 3.

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